

# Biomechanics of Bite Marks and Forensic Science Evidence Examination

### Fredri Kalan<sup>\*</sup>

Department of Forensic Medicine, Karolinska University, Stockholm, Sweden

## DESCRIPTION

Bite mark analysis has been utilized in forensic investigations for decades as a means of identifying and linking suspects to crime scenes. The study of bite marks can provide valuable evidence in cases such as assaults, sexual assaults, and homicides. However, in recent years, the reliability and validity of bite mark analysis have come under scrutiny due to the subjectivity of human interpretation. To address these concerns and enhance the accuracy of forensic evidence analysis, researchers have turned to the field of biomechanics to gain a deeper understanding of the complex factors at play in bite mark formation.

#### Biomechanics and bite mark formation

Biomechanics is the study of the mechanical principles that govern the movement and behaviour of living organisms. In the context of bite marks, biomechanics helps us understand the interactions between teeth and the skin or other tissues of the victim. Bite mark formation is a dynamic process that involves various biomechanical factors, including the structure of teeth, the properties of the tissues being bitten, the amount of force applied, and the duration of the bite.

**Tooth structure:** Teeth are not uniform in shape, size, or alignment. Different individuals have unique dental characteristics that can leave distinct patterns on the bitten surface. Researchers use dental models and 3D scanning techniques to understand how specific teeth might produce particular bite mark patterns.

**Tissue properties:** The biomechanical response of skin and other tissues to the force of a bite is crucial in understanding the resulting mark. Factors like skin thickness, elasticity, and underlying structures affect the appearance of the bite mark and how it changes over time.

**Force and duration:** The force applied during a bite and the duration of the pressure influence the depth and severity of the resulting bite mark. This knowledge can help differentiate bite

marks from other types of injuries and determine if they were caused intentionally or accidentally.

#### Enhancing forensic bite mark analysis

**Objective measurements:** Traditional bite mark analysis relies heavily on the expertise and experience of the forensic odontologists examining the evidence. To enhance the reliability of bite mark analysis, researchers have been working on developing objective measurement techniques using computerassisted methods. Digital imaging and advanced algorithms allow for more accurate comparisons and greater precision in identifying potential suspects.

**Biomechanical simulations:** Computational models and simulations based on biomechanical principles help recreate bite mark patterns and test different scenarios. By inputting variables such as bite force, tooth structure, and tissue properties, researchers can better understand the factors that contribute to bite mark variations and better interpret the evidence.

**Database development:** Creating large databases of bite mark patterns and corresponding dental information can improve the ability to match bite marks to specific individuals. These databases may also include information about variations in bite mark appearance due to different biting angles, forces, and other factors.

**Collaboration and standardization:** Collaboration between forensic odontologists, biomechanics experts, and other forensic specialists is crucial in advancing the field. Standardizing protocols and methodologies for bite mark analysis can help ensure consistency and reliability across different forensic laboratories.

#### Challenges and ethical considerations

While the integration of biomechanics into bite mark analysis holds great promise, several challenges and ethical considerations must be addressed. Firstly, the complexity of bite mark formation demands a multidisciplinary approach, which may not be readily

Citation: Kalan F (2023) Biomechanics of Bite Marks and Forensic Science Evidence Examination. 14:450.

**Copyright:** © 2023 Kalan F. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

Correspondence to: Fredri kalan, Department of Forensic Medicine, Karolinska University, Stockholm, Sweden, E-mail: Fredrikalan@gmail.com

Received: 03-Jul-2023, Manuscript No. JFB-23-22395; Editor assigned: 07-Jul-2023, PreQC No. JFB-23-22395 (PQ); Reviewed: 21-Jul-2023, QC No. JFB-23-22395; Revised: 28-Jul-2023, Manuscript No. JFB-23-22395 (R); Published: 04-Aug-2023, DOI: 10.35248/2090-2697.23.14.450

available in all forensic settings. Additionally, ensuring the accuracy and reliability of computational models and databases is paramount to avoid potential misidentifications.

## CONCLUSION

By embracing the principles of biomechanics, forensic experts can enhance the analysis of bite mark evidence and improve the reliability of such findings in the court of law. Objective measurements, computational modeling, and standardized protocols will enable more robust conclusions, reducing the risk of wrongful convictions and ensuring justice for both victims and suspects. As technology and research continue to advance, the field of biomechanics promises to revolutionize forensic investigations, making bite mark analysis a more precise and dependable tool in the pursuit of truth and justice.