Commentary



## Health Care Management and its Role in Health System

## Stella John<sup>\*</sup>

Department of Health Care, University of Oxford, Oxford, England **DESCRIPTION** 

Healthcare management is a growing industry it involves in the public health systems, healthcare systems, hospitals and hospital networks in all primary, secondary and tertiary sectors[1]. There are various professions under the healthcare management, and of course all areas of healthcare require these leadership and managerial positions. Health Coordinator is the role most commonly found in hospitals and nursing homes and is responsible for assessing and monitoring the quality of care provided in the field of care. The suggested recommendations can be implemented to improve DSM [2,3]. This will improve the health of clients attending the PHC clinic and thus improve the service delivery at the PHC clinic [4,5]. From a management perspective, targeted interventions can be introduced to streamline the DSM system.

Healthcare coordinators can expect to develop a patient care plan, document the care provided, and order the medications they need. Clinical Director is the role of clinical director applies to all areas of healthcare, including hospitals, nursing homes, research centers, and clinics. The clinical director is responsible for leading and directing the staff team to achieve the organization's overall goals. Responsibilities include setting goals, budgeting departments, creating HR procedures, and hiring new employees as needed.

Hospital Manager is the role of hospital administrator is found not only in hospital facilities, but also in specific clinical disciplines and private clinics. Hospital managers have a wide variety of responsibilities, as they are primarily responsible for the entire facility. As a hospital administrator, you can expect to spend your days overseeing your finances, communicating with stakeholders and investors, and ensuring compliance with laws and regulations. Healthcare Providers The roles of healthcare providers are provided by care facilities and healthcare providers, and the roles are similar to the roles of healthcare managers. They usually work in emergency rooms and hospitals and are responsible for many business tasks. For example, health physicians may be expected to record information, attend meetings and provide reports, schedule staffing, and track data in databases.

Health care management is a part of health system, public health system, hospital, entire hospital group, or other medical institution. These professional responsibilities, among many other duties, allow individual departments to function smoothly, hire qualified employees, efficiently disseminate information throughout the organization and have specific consequences. It involves achieving and ensuring efficient use of resources. Some are considered general health care managers and professionals. Generalists oversee the entire institution, and specialists focus on managing specific departments such as marketing, fiancée, policy analysis, and accounting.

It is important to note that the responsibilities and obligations all these roles can vary widely depending on the size and type of organization in which they are employed. But they are all very important and rewarding career paths. This is the overall management of medical facilities such as clinics and hospitals. The Healthcare Manager is responsible for ensuring that the Healthcare Facility is operating properly in terms of budget, facility physician goals, and community needs. The person responsible for health care oversees the day-to-day operations of the facility. This person also acts as a spokesperson when providing information to the media. Health care professionals also discuss issues such as medical equipment, department budgets, planning how facilities can ensure that their goals are achieved, and maintaining good relationships with doctors, nurses, and all department heads. Work with staff leaders. Health managers also make decisions about performance evaluation, employee expectations, budgeting, social media updates, and billing.

## REFERENCES

1. Pellegrini LC, Rodriguez-Monguio R, Qian J. The US healthcare workforce and the labor market effect on healthcare spending and health outcomes. International journal of health care finance and economics. 2014; 14(2):127-141.

Correspondence to: Stella John, Department of Health Care, University of Oxford, Oxford, England, E-mail: john@gmail.com Received: 07-Mar-2022, Manuscript No. HCCR-22-16270; Editor assigned: 10-Mar-2022, Pre QC No. HCCR-22-16270(PQ); Reviewed: 22-Mar-2022, QC No. HCCR-22-16270; Revised: 29-Mar-2022, Manuscript No. HCCR-22-16270(R); Published: 05-Apr-2022, DOI: 10.35248/2375-4273.22.10.285. Citation: John S (2022) Health Care Management and its Role in Health System. Health Care Curr Rev. 10:285. Copyright: © 2022 John S. This is an open-access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons Attribution License, which permits unrestricted use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author and source are credited.

## John S

- Kuupiel D, Tlou B, Bawontuo V, Drain PK, Mashamba-Thompson TP. Poor supply chain management and stock-outs of point-of-care diagnostic tests in Upper East Region's primary healthcare clinics, Ghana. PloS one. 2019; 14(2):e0211498.
- 3. Bateman C. Inept drug supply management causing stock-outs. SAMJ: South African Medical Journal. 2015; 105(9):706-707.
- 4. Kuwawenaruwa A, Wyss K, Wiedenmayer K, Metta E, Tediosi F. The effects of medicines availability and stock-outs on household's

utilization of healthcare services in Dodoma region, Tanzania. Health policy and planning. 2020; 35(3):323-333.

5. Mogakwe LJ, Ally H, Magobe NB. Reasons for non-compliance with quality standards at primary healthcare clinics in Ekurhuleni, South Africa. African Journal of Primary Health Care and Family Medicine. 2020; 12(1):1-9.