

3rd International Conference and Exhibition on Pharmacovigilance & Clinical Trials

October 27-29, 2014 Hyderabad International Convention Centre, India

Assessment of endogenous biochemical composites emphasizing drug interaction of cardiovascular combined dosage formulation in marketed product

Rakesh Das and Tapan Kumar Pal
Jadavpur University, India

The study reveals the re-investigational approaches of a cardiovascular formulated tablet dosage i.e., Atorvastatin (ATVS) & Olmesartan (OLM) after getting negative feedbacks on pharmaceutical market. A simple, sensitive, precise and rapid analysis under highly sophisticated LCMS/MS system was carried-out to evaluate the endogenous biochemical composites like Aldosterone (ALD), Angiotensin-II (ANG-II) and Mevalonate (MVA) in plasma concentration level, which associate with these drugs pharmacology. The methods were developed and validated, finally analyzes for plasma concentration among 20 patient volunteers pre-administered with targeted combined tablet dosage. Chromatographic peaks of standard and internal standard exhibits excellent regression curve line and correlative coefficient, $r^2=0.998, 0.999$ & 0.99947360808176 of ALD, ANG-II & MVA respectively. The quality control profiles of accuracy, mean% recovery are ranged between 90.6-99.13% & 88.2-96.3% respectively of endogenous bio-analytes. And inter-day & intraday precision % RSD (Relative Std. Dev.) ranges from 1.60-1.90 of the same. Analytical reports represent the lower concentration of ALD after ATVS + OLM therapy compared to without drug. But, in case of ANG-II it's completely inverse. And MVA conc. lowers equally in both ATVS+OLM and ATVS (individual therapy). ALD & ANG-II are physiologically responsible for hypertension while MVA for cholesterol biosynthesis. Thus, study concludes that ATVS bioavailability is not interrupted but the OLM bioavailability gets interrupted in the combinatory (ATVS+OLM) formulation and stands weak antihypertensive activity compared to individual therapy, due to pharmacokinetic interaction. So, it fails the expected synergism.

Biography

Rakesh Das has completed M Pharm from Jadavpur University with specialization in Clinical Pharmacy & Pharmacy Practice. Now, he is a PhD research Scholar in Jadavpur University. He is working in IPS College of Pharmacy since after M.Pharm from 2009 to till date. He has 7 international papers and 3 National papers after M.Pharm and PhD.

drakesh.jupharmtech@hotmail.com