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Synthesis of graphene films in the combined flame

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This paper presents results of a study of the synthesis of graphene on the surface of a nickel substrate in an alternate flame of benzene with ethanol at atmospheric pressure. The main advantage of the proposed method is that the process of graphene formation in a flame occurs within 10^{-5} to 10^{-3} sec. Comparative studies by several authors [1, 2] confirm that the process of graphene receiving in flame can successfully compete with the process of synthesis by chemical vapor deposition (CVD) method [3]. In work [4], presented results on the investigation of the synthesis of graphene layers in a double flame at atmospheric pressure. The size of the resulting graphene domains lies within the range of 10^{-15} μm [4]. In the proposed work, the synthesis of graphene was carried out under the following conditions: the consumption of benzene was 80 cm^3/min , the consumption of ethanol 190 cm^3/min , the formation of graphene took place in the flame zone with a temperature of 950-970 $^{\circ}\text{C}$. A nickel plate with a thickness of 0.2 mm was used as the substrate, which was installed vertically in the middle of the flame. Formation of graphene took place within 30-60 sec. The obtained samples were examined on a Raman spectroscopy (NTEGRA Spectra Raman). Graphene identification done by three peaks: the first peak D at 1351 cm^{-1} , the second peak G at 1580 cm^{-1} and the third peak 2D at 2700 cm^{-1} . By correlation of G peak (IG) and 2D peak (I2D) the number of graphene layers (IG/I2D) was evaluated, and by correlation of intensity D peak (ID) and G peak (IG) the degree of graphene (ID/IG) imperfection was estimated. Under feeding of ethanol to the center of the flame on the substrate forms 5-10 layers of graphene ($\text{IG/I2D} = 1.8$, $\text{ID/IG} = 0.48$).

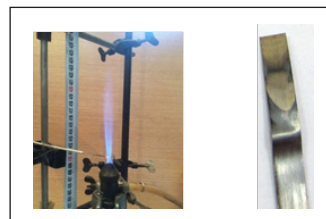


Illustration of the burner and a photograph showing the formation zone of graphenes on a nickel substrate

Recent Publications (If any)

1. Zhen Li, Hongwei Zhu, Dan Xie, Kunlin Wang, Anyuan Cao, Jinquan Wei, Xiao Li, Lili Fan and Dehai Wu. Flame synthesis of few-layered graphene/graphite films. *Chem. Commun.* - 2011. - Vol. 47. - P. 3520-3522.
2. Nasir K. Memon, Stephen D. Tse, Jafar F. Al-Sharab, Hisato Yamaguchi, Alem-Mar B. Goncalves, Bernard H. Kear, Yogesh Jaluria, Eva Y. Andrei, Manish Chhowalla Flame synthesis of graphene films in open environments. *Carbon* - 2011. - Vol.49. - P. 5064-5070
3. Kobayashi T., Bando M., Kimura N., Shimizu K., Kadono K., Umezumi N., Miyahara K., Hayazaki S., Nagai S., Mizuguchi Y., Murakami Y., Hobara D. Production of a 100-m-long high-quality graphene transparent conductive film by roll-to-roll chemical vapor deposition and transfer process. *Applied Physics Letters*. - 2013. - Vol. 102 (2). - P. 023112-023116.
4. Lesbayev B.T., Prihodko N.G., M. Nazhipkyzy, N.B. Rakimzhan, G.T. Smagulova, T.S. Temirgaliyeva, A. Nurgojayeva, Z.A. Mansurov Nanomaterials Synthesis in Two-Stage Flame of Hydrocarbons // *Nonequilibrium Processes in physics and chemistry*, Vol. 1, Plasma, clusters and Atmosphere /Edited by A.M. Starik and S.M. Frolov, - Moscow: TORUS PRESS, 2016. - Pp. 266-275.

Biography

Danara Nurgozhina is master's degree. Scientific interests: chemical physics, nanotechnology, science dealing with combustion.

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