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Facile sensing characteristics of  $V_2O_5$  nanostructured electrode from experimental and first principle approachA A Akande<sup>1,2</sup>, B W Mwakikunga<sup>1</sup>, A G J Machatine<sup>2</sup> and K T Roro<sup>3</sup><sup>1</sup>DST/CSIR National Centre for Nano-Structured Materials, South Africa<sup>2</sup>University of Pretoria, South Africa<sup>3</sup>Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, South Africa

To build an efficient and reliable nano-gas sensing device, critical study and analysis of the sensing material in terms of the parameters such as sensitivity and selectivity is a key requirement. In this study, experimental sensing performance of dopantless  $V_2O_5$  to  $NH_3$  gas and its density functional facile properties are presented. The  $V_2O_5$  sample material was synthesized from  $NH_3VO_4$  via CVD at 400 °C under  $N_2$  flow for 12 hours. Micro- and nano-structural and morphological characterizations revealed the material's structure as polycrystalline  $V_2O_5$  nanorods. The material was tested for gas sensing application under different levels of  $NH_3$  flow. A linear sensitivity % with respect to the levels of  $NH_3$  concentration was observed. Furthermore, we also observed optimal sensor response at the operating temperature of 400 °C. Atomistic density functional calculations of adsorption energies for different numbers of  $NH_3$  gas molecules were performed on (001) and (110) surfaces of the  $V_2O_5$  structure. High adsorption was observed in the case of the perpendicular plane; (001) surface compared with the parallel coordinated (110). The results suggest that, although the orientation has almost equal probability in (001) and (110) the (001) is more selective to  $NH_3$  than (110). Absolute value of adsorption energy per molecule with respect to different numbers of molecule does not only simulate the experimental sensitivity profile but also establish the high selective ability of (001) surface to  $NH_3$ .

## Biography

A A Akande is a Materials Physicist at the National Centre for Nano Structured Materials, Council for Scientific and Industrial Research, South Africa. He has recently completed his PhD from the University of Pretoria. He has published 10 research papers in reputed journals and delivered presentations in many local and international conferences.

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