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LPS induces HUVEC angiogenesis in vitro through miR-146a-mediated TGF-B1 inhibition

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A ngiogenesis is an essential process for tissue growth and embryo development. However, inflammation, abnormal wound healing, vascular diseases, and tumor development and progression can result from inappropriate angiogenesis. Lipopolysaccharide (LPS) can activate various cells and alter endothelium function and angiogenesis. This study investigated the underlying molecular events involved in LPS-induced angiogenesis and revealed a novel strategy for controlling abnormal angiogenesis. LPS treatment promoted wound healing and tube formation in human umbilical vein endothelial cell (HUVEC) cultures and induced their expression of miR-146a. miR-146a was previously shown to regulate angiogenesis in HUVECs. Knockdown of miR-146a expression antagonized LPS-induced angiogenesis *in vitro*. Moreover, bioinformatics analyses predicted TGF- β 1 as a target gene for miR-146a, which was confirmed by a luciferase reporter assay. Expression of TGF- β 1 and TGF- β 1 downstream proteins, such as phosphoraylation-Smad2 and plasminogen activator inhibitor type 1 (PAI-1). Furthermore, the TGF- β 1 signaling inhibitor SB431542 impaired the ability of miR-146a up-regulation and TGF- β 1 inhibition. This study suggests that knockdown of miR-146a could activate TGF- β 1 signaling to inhibit angiogenesis as a potential therapy for angiogenesis-related diseases.



Figure 4, non-240 precisity segment VE-11, 2 and 3, instruction with investment with the local segments in RFLPC analysis of rel. 14 As and 16 CP 12 preparation, responsible, D. The predictive of U-Ma target sequences in MUCLs were subtracted to LDAS analysis of UF-12 premite segments. D. The predictive of U-Ma target sequences in the 3 U-MB of VE-24 and the instrumentativity applied premise segments. The U-MB of U-MB of

Biography

Yize Li is Doctor at Xijing Hospital, Fourth Military Medical University. She completed her Bachelor degree of Clinical Medicine at West China Medical Center Sichuan University and Master and PhD degree at Fourth Military Medical University. She is skilled in treatment of breast cancer. She focus her research in IncRNA and microRNA and explore the mechanisms of trastuzumab resistance in breast cancer and endothelial cells angiogenesis.

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